Social behaviour refers to interactions between two or more individuals within the same species, and includes any behaviour in which one member has an impact on the other. This is due to contact between those individuals. Emotional behaviour, violent behaviour, aggressive behaviour, group activity, and prosocial behaviour are all examples of social behaviour. Emotions and the ability to express them are well-known characteristics of humans. Positive social behaviours are thought to be the most efficient way of dealing with other people because they involve empathy, which is a feeling of wanting to help others in any way possible. Social activity refers to interactions between two or more individuals of the same species, and includes any behaviour in which one or more individuals. This means that social behaviour in people is influenced by both the person's particular features and the circumstances in which they find themselves. Positive social behaviour is defined as social competency with peers and adults, conformity with rules and adult guidance, and autonomy or self-reliance in this chapter. Individual behaviour that conforms to the norm is also referred to as normal. The perception of someone as normal or abnormal might have social consequences, such as inclusion, exclusion, or stigmatisation by society. Several studies suggest that changing people's preexisting emotional states, such as giving them arousing stimuli or exposing them to stressful vs. rewarding situations, might influence their social conduct. Social behaviour refers to interactions between two or more individuals of the same species, and includes any behaviour in which one member has an effect on the other. This means that social behaviour in people is influenced by both the person's particular features and the circumstances in which they find themselves. Social Significance= The practical application of a statistically significant finding, or how the findings might be used. Poor self-esteem and mood disorders are often preceded by bad behaviour. If your actions push people away, cause problems at work, and make you sad, your emotions and feelings of self-worth will suffer as a result. Bad behaviour is sometimes a signal of a larger problem.